NEPSI: Zone 1, Zone 21

Ex i version



Document: XA01247D

Safety instructions for electrical apparatus for explosion-

hazardous areas  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 3$ 



# **LNGmass**

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# Associated documentation

All documentation is available:

- On the CD-ROM supplied (not included in the delivery for all device versions).
- Available for all device versions via:
  - Internet: www.endress.com/deviceviewer
  - Smart phone/tablet: Endress+Hauser Operations App
- In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com → Download

This document is an integral part of the following Operating Instructions:

Measuring device	Documentation code
LNGmass	BA01261D

#### Additional documentation

Contents	Document type	Documentation code
Explosion Protection	Brochure	CP00021Z/11

Please note the documentation associated with the device.

# Manufacturer's certificates

## **NEPSI Declaration of Conformity**

Certificate number:

GYJ18.1347

Affixing the certificate number certifies conformity with the following standards (depending on the device version):

- GB3836.1/4-2010
- GB12476.1/5-2013

# Manufacturer address

Endress+Hauser Flowtec AG

Kägenstrasse 7 4153 Reinach BL Switzerland

# Extended order code

The extended order code is indicated on the nameplate, which is affixed to the device in such a way that it is clearly visible. Additional information about the nameplate is provided in the associated Operating Instructions.

#### Structure of the extended order code



#### Device type

The device and the device design is defined in the "Device type" section (Product root).

#### Basic specifications

The features that are absolutely essential for the device (mandatory features) are specified in the basic specifications. The number of positions depends on the number of features available. The selected option of a feature can consist of several positions.

#### Optional specifications

The optional specifications describe additional features for the device (optional features). The number of positions depends on the number of features available. The features have a 2-digit structure to aid identification (e.g. JA). The first digit (ID) stands for the feature group and consists of a number or a letter (e.g. J = Test, Certificate). The second digit constitutes the value that stands for the feature within the group (e.g. A = 3.1 material (wetted parts), inspection certificate).

More detailed information about the device is provided in the following tables. These tables describe the individual positions and IDs in the extended order code which are relevant to hazardous locations.

#### Device type

Position	Order code for	Option selected	Description
1	Flow	D	D = Flow
2	Instrument family	8	Coriolis flowmeter
3	Product	L	L = LNGmass
4	Generation index	В	Platform generation
5, 6	Nominal diameter	08, 15, 25	Nominal diameter of sensor

### **Basic specifications**

Position	Order code	Selected option	Explosion protection  Transmitter/sensor Safety Barrier Promass 100		
1, 2	Approval	NG	Ex ia IIC T1 ~ T6 Gb, Ex tD A21 IP6X T*	Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc	
		NU	Ex ia IIC T1 ~ T6 Gb	Ex nA [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc	

Position	Order code	Selected Option	Description
3	Input; Output	M	Modbus RS485
4	Display; Operation	A	W/o; via communication
5	Housing	A	Compact, alu, coated

## Optional specifications

ID	Order code for	Option selected	Description
Jx	Test, Certificate	JM	Ambient temperature transmitter −50 °C

#### Safety instructions: General

 Staff must meet the following conditions for mounting, electrical installation, commissioning and maintenance of the device:

- Be suitably qualified for their role and the tasks they perform.
- Be trained in explosion protection.
- Be familiar with national regulations (e.g. GB/T 3836.15-2017).
- Install the device according to the manufacturer's instructions and the following standards:
  - GB50257-2014 "Code for construction and acceptance of electric device for explosive atmospheres and fire hazard electrical equipment installation engineering"
  - GB3836.13-2013 "Explosive atmospheres Part 13: Equipment repair, overhaul and reclamation".
  - GB/T 3836.15-2017 "Explosive atmospheres Part 15: Electrical installations design, selection and erection"
  - GB/T 3836.16-2017 "Explosive atmospheres Part 16:Electrical installations inspection and maintenance"
  - GB3836.18-2010 "Explosive atmospheres-Part 18: Intrinsically safe system
  - GB15577-2007: "Safety regulations for dust explosion prevention and protection". (Only if installed in dust hazardous areas.)
  - GB12476.2-2010 "Electrical apparatus for use in the presence combustible dust – Part 2: Selection and installation". (Only if installed in dust hazardous areas.)
- Do not operate the device outside the specified electrical, thermal and mechanical parameters.
- Only use the device in media to which the wetted materials have sufficient durability.
- Refer to the temperature tables for the relationship between the permitted ambient temperature for the sensor and/or transmitter, depending on the range of application, and the temperature classes.
- Modifications to the device can affect the explosion protection and must be carried out by staff authorized to perform such work by Endress+Hauser.
- Observe all the technical data of the device (see nameplate).
- When using in hybrid mixtures (gas and dust occurring simultaneously), observe additional measures for explosion protection.

#### Safety instructions: Installation

In the event of potentially explosive vapor/air mixtures, only operate the device under atmospheric conditions.

- Temperature: -20 to +60 °C
- Pressure: 80 to 110 kPa (0.8 to 1.1 bar)
- Air with normal oxygen content, usually 21 % (V/V)

If no potentially explosive mixtures are present, or if additional protective measures have been taken, the device may also be operated

under non-atmospheric conditions in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

- Safety Barrier Promass 100
  - The device may only be used with the safety barrier supplied.
  - The safety barrier may only be installed in a non-hazardous area or Zone 2. If the safety barrier is installed in Zone 2, it must be installed in a housing. The housing must meet the requirements of GB3836.8-2014.
  - The connecting cable and installation between the safety barrier and device must meet the requirements of GB/T 3836.15-2017.
- Only use certified cable entries and connection plugs M12×1 suitable for the application. Please comply with the selection criteria as defined in GB/T 3836.15-2017.
- Continuous service temperature of the connecting cable: -40 to +80 °C(-50 to +80 °C for optional specifications, ID Jx (test, certificate) = JM); however, at least in accordance with the range of service temperature taking into account additional influences of the process conditions ( $T_{a,min}$  and  $T_{a,max} + 20$  K).
- Supplied cable glands M20 × 1.5 are only suitable for fixed installation of cables and connections. In the installation, a strain relief must be provided.

#### Intrinsic safety

- The device can be connected to the Endress+Hauser FXA291 service tool: refer to the Operating Instructions.
- Observe the guidelines for interconnecting intrinsically safe circuits (e.g. GB/T 3836.15-2017, Proof of Intrinsic Safety).
- Observe the connection values when selecting the connection cable between Safety Barrier Promass 100 and the measuring device .

#### Potential equalization

- Integrate the device into the local potential equalization .
- If the ground connection has been established via the pipe as specified, it is also possible to integrate the sensor into the potential equalization system via the pipe.

#### Safety instructions: Zone 21

• To ensure dust-tightness, securely seal the transmitter housing, cable entries and sealing plugs.

- Only open the transmitter housing briefly, ensuring that no dust or moisture enters the housing.
- The metal extensions and blind plugs supplied are tested and certified as part of the enclosure for explosion protection Ex tb IIIC. Plastic sealing plugs in extensions act as transport protection and have to be replaced by suitable, individually approved installation material. Supplied cable glands are separately certified and marked as components and meet device specification requirements.

# Temperature tables

#### Ambient temperature

Minimum ambient temperature:

- $T_a = -40 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Optional specification, ID Jx (Test, Certificate) = JM  $T_0 = -50$  °C

Maximum ambient temperature:

 $T_{a}$  = +60  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  depending on the medium temperature and temperature class

#### Medium temperature

Minimum medium temperature

$$T_{\rm m} = -196 \, ^{\circ}{\rm C}$$

Maximum medium temperature

 $T_{m}$  for T1  $^{\sim}$  T6 depending on the maximum ambient temperature  $T_{a}$ 

#### **Compact version**

Temperature values in brackets [ ] correspond to Txx °C for Ex tD A21 (dust).  $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  10

Basic specification, Position 5 (Housing) = A

T <sub>a</sub> [°C]	T6 [85 ℃]	T5 [100 ℃]	T4 [135 ℃]	T3 [200 °C]	T2 [300 °C]	T1 [450 ℃]
35	50	85	120	150	150	150
50	-	85	120	150	150	150
60	-	-	120	150	150	150

# Explosion hazards arising from gas and dust

# Determining the temperature class and surface temperature with the temperature table

- In the case of gas: Determine the temperature class as a function of the maximum ambient temperature  $T_a$  and the maximum medium temperature  $T_m$ .
- In the case of dust: Determine the maximum surface temperature as a function of the maximum ambient temperature  $T_a$  and the maximum medium temperature  $T_m$ .

#### Example

- Measured maximum ambient temperature:  $T_{ma} = 47 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Measured maximum medium temperature:  $T_{mm} = 108 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

				4.			
	Ta [°C]	T6 [85°C]	T5 [100°C]	T4 [135°C]	T3 [200°C]	T2 [300°C]	T1 [450°C]
	35	50	85	120	140	140	140
	50	-	85	120	140	140	140
	60	-	-	120	140	140	140
	35	50	85	120	140	140	140
	45	-	85	120	140	140	140
	- (50)			120	140	140	140
1.	2.			3.			

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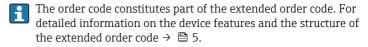
- Procedure for determining the temperature class and surface temperature
- 1. Select device (optional).
- 2. In the column for the maximum ambient temperature  $T_a$  select the temperature that is immediately greater than or equal to the maximum ambient temperature  $T_{ma}$  that is present.
  - $T_a = 50 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The row showing the maximum medium temperature is determined.
- 3. Select the maximum medium temperature  $T_m$  of this row, which is immediately greater than or equal to the maximum medium temperature  $T_{mm}$  that is present.
  - The column with the temperature class for gas is determined:  $108 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \le 120 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \to T4$ .
- 4. The maximum temperature of the temperature class determined corresponds to the maximum surface temperature for dust: T4 = 135 °C.

# Connection values: Signal circuits

The following tables contain specifications which are dependent on the transmitter type and its input and output assignment. Compare the following specifications with those on the nameplate of the transmitter.

#### Terminal assignment

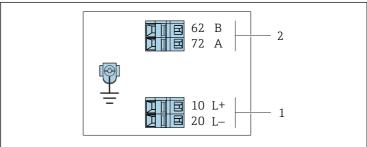
Transmitter



Modbus RS485 connection version

For use in the intrinsically safe area. Connection via Safety Barrier Promass 100.

Order code for "Output", option M



A0030219

- 2 Modbus RS485 terminal assignment, connection version for use in intrinsically safe areas (connection via Safety Barrier Promass 100)
- 1 Intrinsically safe power supply
- 2 Modbus RS485

Order code "Output"	10 (L+)	20 (L-)	62 (B)	72 (A)
Option <b>M</b>	,	safe supply age	Modbus RS48 sa	5 intrinsically fe

Order code for "Output":

Option  $\mathbf{M}$ : Modbus RS485, for use in the intrinsically safe area (connection via Safety Barrier Promass 100)

#### Intrinsically safe values

These values only apply for the following device version: Order code for "Output", option M "Modbus RS485", for use in intrinsically safe areas

### Safety Barrier Promass 100

### Safety-related values

Terminal numbers						
Supply voltage Signal transmission						
2 (L-)	1 (L+)	26 (A) 27 (B)				
U <sub>nom</sub> = DC 24 V U <sub>max</sub> = AC 260 V		$U_{\text{nom}} = U_{\text{max}} = A$				

### Intrinsically safe values

Terminal numbers					
Supply voltage		Signal transmission			
20 (L-)	10 (L+)	10 (L+) 62 (A) 72 (I			
$U_0 = 16.24 \text{ V}$					
	$I_0 = 623 \text{ mA}$				
$P_0 = 2.45 \text{ W}$					

#### Transmitter

#### Intrinsically safe values

Terminal numbers					
Supply voltage Signal transmission			nsmission		
20 (L-)	10 (L+)	62 (A)	72 (B)		
U <sub>i</sub> = 16.24 V					
$I_i = 623 \text{ mA}$					
$P_i = 2.45 W$					
$L_i = 0 \mu H$					
$C_i = 6 \text{ nF}$					

### Pin assignment, device plug

Device plug for signal transmission with supply voltage (device side), MODBUS RS485 (intrinsically safe)

2	Pin	Assignment		
	1	L+	Supply voltage, intrinsically safe	
	2	Α	Madhaa DC/OF takinatadha asfa	
$3 + \bigcirc $	3	В	Modbus RS485 intrinsically safe	
5	4	L-	Supply voltage, intrinsically safe	
	5		Grounding/shielding	
4	Cod	ling	Plug/socket	
A0029042	I	A	Plug	





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